

	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
PROJECT	Moon	Zoom!	Child	lhood	Bright Ligh	ts, Big City
ENRICHMENT OPPORTUNITIES						
READING	Decoding Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.	Decoding Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.	Decoding Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.	Decoding Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.	Decoding Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.	Decoding Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.
	Read common exception words.	Read common exception words.	Read common exception words.	Read common exception words.	Read common exception words.	Read common exception words.
	Blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that have been taught.	Blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that have been taught.	Blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that have been taught.	Blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that have been taught.	Blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that have been taught.	Blend sounds in unfamiliar words using the GPCs that have been taught.
	Read words containing taught GPCs	Read words containing taught GPCs	Read words containing taught GPCs	Read words containing taught GPCs	Read words containing taught GPCs	Read words containing taught GPCs
	Read with some fluency and accuracy.	Read with some awareness of punctuation marks.	Read words of more than one syllable.	Respond speedily, giving the correct sound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes.	Respond speedily, giving the correct sound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes	Respond speedily, giving the correct sound to graphemes for all of the 40+ phonemes
	Fluency Reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.	Read words containing -s, -es, -ing, - ed and -est endings.	Read words containing -s, -es, -ing, - ed and -est endings.	Read words containing -s, -es, -ing, - ed and -est endings.	Read words containing -s, -es, -ing, - ed and -est endings.	Read words containing -s, -es, -ing, - ed and -est endings.
	Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with my	Fluency Reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in	Fluency Reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in	Read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll.	Read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll.	Read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll.
	developing phonic knowledge.	word reading. Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with my	word reading. Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with my	Fluency Reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.	Fluency Reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.	Reread texts to build up fluency and confidence in word reading.
	Check that the text makes sense I can self-correct.	developing phonic knowledge.	developing phonic knowledge.	Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with my	Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with my	Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with my
	Vocabulary Explain the meaning of new words by linking to vocabulary I already know e.g unkind=not	Check that the text makes sense I can self-correct.	Check that the text makes sense I can self-correct.	developing phonic knowledge.	developing phonic knowledge.	developing phonic knowledge.
	kind	Vocabulary Explain the meaning of new words by linking to vocabulary	Vocabulary Explain the meaning of new words by linking to vocabulary	Check that the text makes sense I can self-correct.	Check that the text makes sense I can self-correct.	Check that the text makes sense I can self-correct.
	Inference Show a good understanding of simple stories.	I already know e.g unkind=not kind	I already know e.g unkind=not kind	Vocabulary Explain the meaning of new words by linking to vocabulary I already know e.g unkind=not	Vocabulary Explain the meaning of new words by linking to vocabulary I already know e.g unkind=not	Vocabulary Explain the meaning of new words by linking to vocabulary I already know e.g unkind=not
	Prediction Recognise and use predictable phrases in known	Inference Show a good understanding of simple stories.	Retrieval Recognise repetition and rhyme	kind. Retrieval	kind Retrieval	kind Retrieval
	stories. <u>Summary</u>	Prediction Recognise and use	Inference Say how a character might	Recognise repetition and rhyme	Recognise repetition and rhyme	Recognise repetition and rhyme
	Retell familiar stories	predictable phrases in known stories.	feel based on what has been said or done.	Inference Say how a character might	Inference Can infer meaning based on	Inference Can infer meaning based on
	Discuss it Say what I like and dislike Link what I have read or have	Summary Retell familiar stories	<u>Prediction</u> Predict what might happen	feel based on what has been said or done.	what I have read.	what I have read.
	had read to me to my own experiences	Discuss it Say what I like and dislike Link what I have read or have	based on what has been read in the story Summary	Prediction Predict what might happen based on what has been read	Prediction Make plausible predictions about what might happen in unfamiliar texts.	Prediction Make plausible predictions about what might happen in unfamiliar texts.
		had read to me to my own experiences	Retell familiar stories in increasing detail.	in the story	Summary Retell familiar stories in increasing detail.	Summary Retell familiar stories in increasing detail.



		Discuss it Talk about a book that I like Link what I have read or have had read to me to my own experiences. Discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction beyond my independent reading	Retell familiar stories in increasing detail. Author Intent Discuss why the title is important Discuss it Talk about a book that I like Link what I have read or have had read to me to my own experiences. Discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction beyond my independent reading.	Author Intent Discuss why the title is important Discuss it Talk about a book that I like and explain why Link what I have read or have had read to me to my own experiences. Discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction beyond my independent reading.	Author Intent Discuss why the title is important Discuss it Talk about a book that I like and explain why Link what I have read or have had read to me to my own experiences. Discuss a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction beyond my independent reading.
I recognist questions exclamated. I am beging punctuate using cape full stop, or exclamated. Spelling (Ongoing words the sounds I it taught in the lapton of the lapton	Basic sentence punctuation (including statements, questions and exclamations) I recognise statements questions and exclamations I recognise statements questions and exclamations I am beginning to punctuate sentences using capital letter and question mark mation mark Spelling (Ongoing) I can spell words that include the sounds I have been floppy Phonics: I am beginning to punctuate sentences using capital letter and full stop, question mark or exclamation mark Spelling (Ongoing) I can spell words that include the sounds I have been taught in Floppy Phonic air er er ue/ue ure dge ve wh cks tch ay oy ea ie ow ew ou (Ongoing) I can spell irregular/red/common exception words I can spell pural nouns	I recognise nouns (singular and plural) as objects, people and places, and use them appropriately I can use capital letters for names of people, places, days of the week and the pronoun "I". Spelling (Ongoing) I can spell words that include the sounds I have been taught in Floppy Phonics: ir aw eer -are a_e / e_e i_e / o_e / u_e eigh ey a -ae -ea ce ed y (Ongoing) I can spell irregular/red/common	Verbs, clauses and connecting clauses using conjunctions I recognise verbs as action/doing words and use them appropriately I recognise regular and irregular verbs (eg jump/jumped; take/took) I can write in the present and past tense Spelling (Ongoing) I can spell words that include the sounds I have been taught in Floppy Phonics: -y e -ey -ie -y i o -ough -eau ci cy (Ongoing) I can spell irregular/red/common exception words I can use the prefix unto change the meaning of words (eg unhappy, unfair, undo) I can remember sentences my teacher	Noun Phrases and pronouns to replace nouns	Verbs, clauses and connecting clauses using conjunctions I can join words and clauses using and, or, but, so, because I know some words can be contracted using an apostrophe and where it would go. Spelling (Ongoing) I can spell words that include the sounds I have been taught in Floppy Phonics: oo u-e -o -ou -ue -ew -ui -u (Ongoing) I can spell irregular/red/common exception words I am beginning to spell some contracted words (eg didn't, won't) I can remember sentences my teacher reads to me and write them down correctly



say when the same	
sound is spelt differently	y

Handwriting

I can sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil correctly and comfortably

I am beginning to write my letters correctly

I can write capital letters and numbers 0-9

I know which letters to form in similar ways

Composition

I can understand what a sentence is and recognise sentences in my writing

I can say my sentences out loud

Autumn Term One

Writing Outcome 1: Labels, lists and captions

I can write captions in full sentences.

Writing Outcome 2: Instructions

I can write a set of instructions as a class.

I can write a set of instructions independently

<u>Handwriting</u>

I can sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil correctly and comfortably

I am beginning to write my letters correctly

I can write capital letters and numbers 0-9

I know which letters to form in similar ways

Composition

I can write sentences, captions and lists, sequencing them to

I can leave finger spaces between words

create a logical order

I can put my words in an order that make logical sense

<u>Autumn Term Two</u>

Writing Outcome 1: Information texts

I can write a simple nonchronological report by writing sentences about pictures.

Writing Outcome 2: Recounts/diary

I can talk about an actual event using photographs and pictures to support.
I can write a short first-person account from my own experiences.
I can write extended captions for a class display.

Handwriting

I can sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil correctly and comfortably

I am beginning to write my letters correctly

I can write capital letters and numbers 0-9

I know which letters to form in similar ways

Composition

I can write sentences, sequencing them to innovate short narratives from a story I know, or recount events

I can discuss what I've written with my teacher or other children

Spring Term One

Writing Outcome 1: Traditional and fairy tales

I can write a character profile using words, captions and pictures.

I can retell a story I know. I can write my own version of a traditional tale or fairy tale.

Writing Outcome 2: Stories about fantasy worlds

I can create an

imaginary setting and character as a class. I can record main events for a class story. reads to me and write them down correctly

Handwriting

I can sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil correctly and comfortably

I am beginning to write my letters correctly

I can write capital letters and numbers 0-9

I know which letters to form in similar ways

Composition

I can write sentences, sequencing them to form short narratives of my own, or recount events

I can write sentences, re-reading what I've written to check it makes sense

Spring Term Two

Writing Outcome 1: Stories with familiar settings

I can write my own version of a story I know.

I can write a story based on my own experiences

Writing Outcome 2: Stories from other cultures with predictable patterned language

I can write new sentences using patterns from those read.
I can add sentences to the middle of a story

Handwriting

I can sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil correctly and comfortably

I am beginning to write my letters correctly

I know which letters to form in similar ways

I can use the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join some letters.

<u>Composition</u>

I can write sentences, sequencing them to form short narratives from a story I know, or recount events

<u>Summer Term One</u>

Writing Outcome 1: Recount/fact or fiction

I can write a simple personal recount independently.

Writing Outcome 2: Recount/fact or fiction

I can write a simple personal recount independently.

Handwriting I can sit correctly at a table, holding a pencil correctly and comfortably

I am beginning to write my letters correctly

I know which letters to form in similar ways

I can use the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join some letters.

Composition

I can use a writing frame to help present my work

I can use words to describe my surroundings

Summer Term Two

Writing Outcome 1: Using the senses

I can use simple words and phrases to describe my surroundings.

I can use these in a simple poem.

Writing Outcome 2: Pattern and rhyme

I can use a simple model from reading as a writing frame.

I can write my own simple patterned poem.

Poems on a theme

I can collaboratively write a simple poem/song of rhyme. I can write my own simple patterned poem on a given theme.



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			I can write my own	following the same		
			version of a story using	patterns.		
			class ideas.	I can write a new story		
				using predictable		
				patterns in language.		
MATHEMATICS	Number and Place	Number and Place	Addition and	Addition & Subtraction:	Addition and	Multiplication & Division
	Value: Up to 20	Value: Up to 100	Subtraction: Facts of 11 –	<u>Facts of 17 – 20</u>	Subtraction	Solve one-step
	Count to and across 100, forwards and	Count to and across 100, forwards and	16 Read, write and	Represent and use	Add and subtract	problems involving
	backwards,	backwards,	interpret	number bonds and	one-digit and two-	multiplication and
	beginning with 0 or	beginning with 0 or	mathematical	related subtraction	digit numbers to 20,	division by
	1, or from any given	1, or from any given	statements involving	facts within 20	including zero	calculating the
	number	number	addition (+),	Solve one-step	<u>Measurement: Time</u>	answer using
	Count, read and	Count, read and	subtraction (-) and	problems that	Compare, describe	concrete objects,
	write numbers to 100	write numbers to 100	equals (=) signs	involve addition	and solve practical	pictorial
	in numerals; count	in numerals; count	Represent and use	and subtraction,	problems for time	representations and
	in multiples of twos,	in multiples of twos,	number bonds and	using concrete	Measure and begin	arrays with the
	fives and tens	fives and tens	related subtraction	objects and	to record time	support of the
	Given a number,	Given a number,	facts within 20	pictorial	Sequence events in	teacher
	identify one more	identify one more	Solve one-step	representations,	chronological order	Measurement: Money
	and one less	and one less	problems that	and missing	using language e.g.	Recognise and
	Identify and	Identify and	involve addition and	number problems	before and after,	know the value of
	represent numbers	represent numbers	subtraction, using	such as 7 = ? – 9	next, first, today,	different
	using objects and	using objects and	concrete objects	Read, write and	yesterday,	denominations of
	pictorial	pictorial	and pictorial	interpret	tomorrow, morning,	coins and notes
	representations	representations	representations, and	mathematical	afternoon and	Measurement: Mass &
	including the	including the	missing number	statements	evening	<u>Capacity</u>
	number line, and use	number line, and use	problems such as 7 =	involving addition	 Recognise and use 	 Compare, describe
	the language of:	the language of:	?-9	(+), subtraction (-)	language relating	and solve practical
	equal to, more than,	equal to, more than,	Measurement: Length	and equals (=) signs	to dates, including	problems for mass
	less than (fewer),	less than (fewer),	Compare, describe	<u>Fractions</u>	days of the week,	or weight, capacity
	most, least	most, least	and solve practical	Recognise, find and	weeks, months and	or volume
	Read and write numbers from 1 to 20	Addition & Subtraction: Facts of 7 – 11	problems for length	name a half as one	years	 Measure and begin
	in numerals and	Read, write and	and heightMeasure and begin	of two equal parts	Tell the time to the	to record mass or
	words	interpret	to record lengths	of an object, shape	hour and half past	weight, capacity or
	Geometry: Properties of	mathematical	and heights	or quantity	the hour and draw	volume
	Shape	statements involving	dria rieiginis	Recognise, find and	the hands on a	
	Recognise and	addition (+),		name a quarter as	clock face to show	
	name common 2D	subtraction (-) and		one of four equal	these times	
	and 3D shapes,	equals (=) signs		parts of an object,		
	including 2D shapes	Represent and use		shape or quantity		
	e.g. rectangles	number bonds and		Geometry: Position &		
	(including squares),	related subtraction		<u>Direction</u>		
	circles and triangles,	facts within 20		 Describe position, 		
	and 3D shapes, e.g.	Solve one-step		direction and		
	cuboids, including	problems that		movement,		
	cubes, pyramids and	involve addition and		including whole,		
	spheres	subtraction, using		half, quarter and		
	Addition & Subtraction	concrete objects		three-quarter turns		
	Read, write and	and pictorial				
	interpret	representations, and				
	mathematical	missing number				
	statements involving	problems such as 7 =				
	addition (+),	? – 9	<u> </u>	1	1	1

17	TRINITA	
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JRCH OF ENGLAND PRIMAR	Y SCHOOL		TEAR I LONG IE	KM CURRICULUM PLA	AN	
	subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Add and subtract 1-digit and 2-digit numbers to 20, including zero Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = ? - 9	Geometry: Properties of Shape Recognise and name common 2D and 3D shapes, including 2D shapes e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles, and 3D shapes, e.g. cuboids, including cubes, pyramids and spheres				
SCIENCE	SCIENTIFIC ENQUIRY:					
	Pupils will be taught to: Ask simple questions and Observe closely, using sim Perform simple tests. Identify and classify.	recognise that they can be answaple equipment.	wered in different ways.			

Materials – Exploring Everyday Materials

- Identify and name a variety
 of everyday materials
 including wood, plastic,
 glass, metal, water and
 rock
- Distinguish between an object and the material it is made from
- Describe the properties of everyday materials

Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties

- Identify objects that are natural and those that are manmade
- 5. Predict and identify if an object will float or sink
- 6. Explore which materials are best for different objects

Everyday Materials

• Use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.

Gather and record data to help in answering questions.

Continued (Based on the 3 Little Pigs)

- 1. Build a structure strong enough to withstand wind
- Build a waterproof structure
- Understand the properties of glass and its uses
- Understand that materials are used to create a variety of furniture
- Explore a variety of fabrics and understand their different properties
- 6. Explain the uses of materials and why they are suitable

Key Vocab: Object, material, wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock, brick, paper, fabric, elastic, foil, card/cardboard, rubber, wool, clay, hard, soft, stretchy, stiff, bendy, floppy, waterproof, absorbent, breaks/tears,

Animals inc. Humans

All About Animals

Identify and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals

1.Discover animal families

Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, including pets)

- 2.Learn about the differences between mammals and birds
- Learn about the differences between amphibians, reptiles and fish
- 2.Explore the difference between wild animals and nets

Identify and name a variety of common animals that are

Animals inc. Humans – All About Me

All About Me

Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense

- 1. Discover the basic parts of the human body
- 2. Learn about eyes and sight
- 3. Learn about ears and hearing
- 4. Explore the tongue and taste
- 5. Explore the sense of touch
- 6. Discover how your nose smells

Senses, touch, see, smell, taste, hear, fingers (skin), eyes, nose, ear and tongue

Plants

Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees.

- 2. Identify the basic parts of a plant and tree
- 3. Understand that different plants can grow in the same environment
- 4. Know the difference between deciduous and evergreen trees

Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees.

- 1. Understand that seeds grow into plants
- 5. Know that fruit trees and vegetables are varieties of plants
- 6. Record the growth of a plant
 Key Vocab: Leaf, flower,

blossom, petal, fruit, berry,

Plants continued Seasonal Changes

(Ongoing)

Observe changes across the four seasons

Observe and describe weather associated with <u>Summer</u> and how day length varies

Weather (sunny, rainy, windy, snowy etc.), seasons (Winter, Summer, Spring, Autumn), sun, sunrise, sunset, day length, monsoon, khareef, thunderstorm

- √ Weather can change
- √ There are lots of different types of weather: Rain, Sun, Cloud, Wind, Snow, etc
- ✓ Days are longer and hotter in the summer
- √ Days are shorter and colder in the winter
- There are four seasons: Spring, Summer, Autumn, Winter

Linked Text: Sun Up, Sun Down by Gail Gibbons



Key Vocabulary: Object, material, wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock, brick, paper, fabric, elastic, foil, card/cardboard, rubber, wool, clay, hard, soft, stretchy, stiff, bendy, floppy, waterproof, absorbent, breaks/tears, rough, smooth, shiny, dull, see through, not see through

Linked Text: The Adventures of a Plastic Bottle: A Story About Recycling by Alison Inches

Seasonal Changes

Observe changes across the four seasons

Observe and describe weather associated with <u>Autumn</u> and how day length varies

- Understand the there are four seasons
- 2. Understand the changes that take place in Autumn

Key Vocab: Weather (sunny, rainy, windy, snowy etc.), seasons (Winter, Summer, Spring, Autumn), sun, sunrise, sunset, day length, monsoon, thunderstorm

Linked Text: Leaf Many by Lois Ehlert rough, smooth, shiny, dull, see through, not see through

- √ There are many different materials that have different describable and measurable properties.
- √ Materials that have similar properties are grouped into metals, rocks, fabrics, wood, plastic and ceramics (including glass).
- √ The properties of a material determine whether they are suitable for a purpose

Linked Text: The Three Little Pigs

carnivores, herbivores and omnivores

- Discover the types of food living things eat
- 3. Explain the characteristics of an animal

Key Vocab: Head, body, eyes, ears, mouth, teeth, leg, tail, wing, claw, fin, scales, feathers, fur, beak, paws, hooves

- √ There are many different animals with different characteristics.
- Animals have senses to help individuals survive. When animal sense things they are able to respond.
- ✓ Animals need food to survive.
- Animals need a variety of food to help them grow, repair their bodies, be active and stay healthy.

Linked Text: Superworm by Julia Donaldson

Seasonal Changes (Ongoing)

Observe changes across the four seasons

Observe and describe weather associated with **Winter** and how day length varies

Key Vocab: Weather (sunny, rainy, windy, snowy etc.), seasons (Winter, Summer, Spring, Autumn), sun, sunrise, sunset, day length, monsoon, thunderstorm

Linked Text: Tree: Seasons Come, Seasons Go by Patricia Hegarty and Britta Teckentrup Linked Text: Titch by Pat Hutchinson

Seasonal Changes (Ongoing)

Observe changes across the four seasons

Observe and describe weather associated with <u>Spring</u> and how day length varies

3. Understand the changes that take place in winter

Key Vocab: Weather (sunny, rainy, windy, snowy etc.), seasons (Winter, Summer, Spring, Autumn), sun, sunrise, sunset, day length, monsoon, thunderstorm

Linked Text: Ferdie's Springtime Blossom by Julia Rawlinson root, seed, trunk, branch, stem, bark, stalk, bud

- ✓ Plants grow from seeds/bulbs
- ✓ Plants need light and water to
- grow and survive

 ✓ Plants are important
- We can eat lots of plants

HISTORY

Moon Zoom

Learn about events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally.

Learn about the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods

Childhood

Learn about changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life

Learn about events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally.

Learn about significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.

Know and understand the history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day: how people's lives have shaped this nation and how Britain has influenced and been influenced by the wider world.

Bright Lights, Big city

Learn about events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally.

Gain and deploy a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms such as 'empire', 'civilisation', 'parliament' and 'peasantry'



	contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed.
	Understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why
	Understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses.

GEOGRAPHY

Moon Zoom

Understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time

Develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places – both terrestrial and marine – including their defining physical and human characteristics and how these provide a geographical context for understanding the actions of processes.

Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.

Childhood

Understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time.

Our Wonderful Planet

Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans.

Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the UK and its surrounding seas.

Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the UK, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.

Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.

Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the UK and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.

Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.

Bright Lights, Big city

Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the UK and its surrounding seas.

Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the UK, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.

Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.

Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.

Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.

Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the UK and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.

Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language (e.g. near and far; left and right), to describe the location of features and routes on a map.

Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.

Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.



				Develop contextual know globally significant place: marine – including their d human characteristics an geographical context for of processes.	s – both terrestrial and efining physical and
RELIGIOUS EDUCATION (following the Gloucestershire Agreed Syllabus)	Autumn 1 Unit 1.10 What does it mean to belong to a faith community? Recognise that loving others is important in lots of communities • Say simply what Jesus and one other religious leader taught about loving other people • Give an account of what happens at a traditional Christian and Jewish or Muslim welcome ceremony, and suggest what the actions and symbols mean • Identify at least two ways people show they love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christian and/or Jewish and non-religious) • Give examples of ways in which people express their identity and belonging within faith communities, responding sensitively to differences • Talk about what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas.	Autumn 2 Unit 1.1 What do Christians believe God is like? • Identify what a parable is • Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply and recognise a link with the Christian idea of God as a forgiving Father • Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians • Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving (e.g. by saying sorry, by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others) • Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship (e.g. by saying sorry to God) • Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas • Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make.	Spring 1/2 Unit 1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they live? Recognise the words of the Shema as a Jewish prayer Retell simply some stories used in Jewish celebrations (e.g. Chanukah) Give examples of how the stories used in celebrations (e.g. Shabbat, Chanukah) remind Jew about what God is like Give examples of how Jewish people celebrate special times (e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot, Chanukah) Make links between Jewish ideas of God found in the stories and how people live Give an example of how some Jewish people might remember God in different ways (e.g. mezuzah, on Shabbat) Talk about what they think is good about reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas of Give a good reason for their ideas about whethe reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say to them too	beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible • Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world • Give at least one example of what Christians do to say 'thank you' to God for Creation • Think, talk and ask	Summer 2 Unit 1.9 How should we care for the world and for others and why does it matter? • Identify a story or text that says something about each person being unique and valuable • Give an example of a key belief some people find in one of these stories (e.g. that God loves all people) • Give a clear, simple account of what Genesis 1 tells Christians and Jews about the natural world • Give an example of how people show that they care for others (e.g. by giving to charity), making a link to one of the stories • Give examples of how Christians and Jews can show care for the natural earth • Say why Christians and Jews might look after the natural world • Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world • Give good reasons why everyone (religious and non-religious) should care for others and look after the natural world.
PHYSICAL EDUCATION					



	Agility Make body curled, tense, stretched and relaxed Control body when travelling and balancing Copy sequences and repeat them Roll, curl, travel and balance in different ways Component Knowledge Secure proprioception of torso and limbs Core stability and limb control Agility/ turning Rhythm/ timing Key Vocabulary Tight/ loose Curl/ tense/ stretch/ relax Travel/ing Balance/d Sequence/ plan Feedback/ advice/ coaching	Balance Make body curled, tense, stretched and relaxed Control body when travelling and balancing Copy sequences and repeat them Roll, curl, travel and balance in different ways Component Knowledge Secure proprioception of torso and limbs Core stability and limb control Agility/ turning Rhythm/ timing Key Vocabulary Tight/ loose Curl/ tense/ stretch/ relax Travel/ing Balance/d Sequence/ plan Feedback/ advice/ coaching	Co-ordination throw underarm throw and kick in different ways Control body when travelling and balancing Component Knowledge	Gymnastics Make body curled, tense, stretched and relaxed Control body when travelling and balancing Copy sequences and repeat them Roll, curl, travel and balance in different ways Component Knowledge Secure proprioception of torso and limbs Core stability and limb control Agility/ turning Rhythm/ timing Key Vocabulary Tight/ loose Curl/ tense/ stretch/ relax Travel/ing Balance/d Sequence/ plan Feedback/ advice/ coaching	Dance perform own dance moves copy or make up a short dance routine move safely in a space Component Knowledge	Invasion Games throw underarm throw and kick in different ways Control body when travelling and balancing Component Knowledge Co-ordination Range of movement across joint/s Rhythm/ timing Secure proprioception of torso and limbs Core stability and limb control Agility/ turning Key Vocabulary Moves/ routines/ sequence/ sequencing Timing/ rhythm Safe/ safety/ space
PSHE (using Jigsaw with DfE Statutory Relationships and Health Education as part of Essential Knowledge in bold)	Understand their own rights and responsibilities with their classroom Know how to set simple goals Know how to achieve a goal Know how to identify obstacles which make achieving their goals difficult and work out how to overcome them Know when a goal has been achieved	Understand that their choices have consequences Understand that their views are important Know what bullying means Know who to tell if they or someone else is being bullied or is feeling unhappy Know how to keep safe when crossing the road	Know that people are unique and that it is OK to be different Know skills to make friendships Know that people have differences and similarities	Know the difference between being healthy and unhealthy Know some ways to keep healthy Know how to make healthy lifestyle choices Know that medicines can help them if they feel poorly Know how to keep themselves clean and healthy	Know that everyone's family is different Know that families are founded on belonging, love and care Know that physical contact can be used as a greeting Know how to make a friend Know who to ask for help in the school community	Know the male and female private body parts Know that there are correct names for private body parts and nicknames, and when to use them Know which parts of the body are private and that they belong to that person and that nobody has the right to hurt these



	work well with a partner • Know tackling a challenge can stretch their	Know that all nousehold products, ncluding medicines, can be harmful if not used properly		Know that germs cause disease/illness Know about people who can keep them safe	Know that there are lots of different types of families Know the characteristics of healthy and safe friends Know about the different people in the school community and how they help	Know who to ask for help if they are worried or frightened Know that animals including humans have a life cycle Know that changes happen when we grow up Know that people grow up at different rates and that is normal Know that learning brings about change
ART & DESIGN	Moon Zoom! Use a range of materials creatively make products Use drawing, painting and sculpture and share their ideas, experiences of	e to develop	Childhood Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. Funny Faces Use a range of materials creatively to design and		Bright Lights, Big city London Landmarks Drawing & Collagraphy Use a range of materials creatively to design and make products	
	Mix it! Develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design.		Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. Learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design.		Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. Use a range of materials creatively to design and make products Develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. Produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences. Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design.	
	Moon Zoom! Select from and use a range of tool equipment to perform practical tas cutting, shaping, joining and finishin Select from and use a wide range of components, including construction textiles and ingredients, according characteristics. Build structures, exploring how they stronger, stiffer and more stable.	ks (for example, 19). of materials and 19 materials, to their	Funny Faces (linked to Art Select from and use a range equipment to perform producting, shaping, joining at Select from and use a widd components, including contextiles and ingredients, accharacteristics.	ge of tools and actical tasks (for example, and finishing). e range of materials and construction materials,	Chop, slice, mash (Food I Design purposeful, function for themselves and other uncriteria. Generate, develop, model ideas through talking, drawn ups and, where appropriate communication technology	el and communicate their wing, templates, mock-



Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria.

Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mockups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.

Explore and evaluate a range of existing products.

Evaluate their ideas and products against design

Explore and use mechanisms (for example, levers, sliders, wheels and axles), in their products.

Shade and Shelter

Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria.

Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mockups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology.

Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics.

Explore and evaluate a range of existing products.

Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable.

Develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world.

Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing).

Explore and evaluate a range of existing products.

Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria.

Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes.

Understand where food comes from.

Develop the creative, technical and practical expertise needed to perform everyday tasks confidently and to participate successfully in an increasingly technological world.

MUSIC (using Charanga)

How can we make friends when we sing together?

Musical Focus: Introducing beat

To demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements) from both prior and new learning.

To demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with / relate to music

To demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style

To demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short)

To demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition

To demonstrate an awareness of pulse / beat when listening, moving to and performing music

To demonstrate a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing

How does music tell stories about the past?

Musical Focus: Adding rhythm and pitch

To demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements) from both prior and new learning.

To demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with / relate to music

To demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style

To demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short)

To demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition

To demonstrate an awareness of pulse / beat when listening, moving to and performing music

To demonstrate a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing

How does music make the world a better place?

Musical Focus: Introducing tempo and dynamics

To demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements) from both prior and new learning.

To demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with / relate to music

To demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style

To demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short)

To demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition

To demonstrate an awareness of pulse / beat when listening, moving to and performing music

To demonstrate a basic understanding of the

How does music help us to understand our neighbours?

Musical Focus: Combining pulse, rhythm and pitch

To demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements) from both prior and new learning.
To demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with / relate to music

To demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style

To demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short)

To demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition

To demonstrate an awareness of pulse / beat when listening, moving to and performing music

To demonstrate a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing

What songs can we sing to help us through the day?

Musical Focus: Having fun with improvisation

To demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements) from both prior and new learning.

To demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with / relate to music

To demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style

To demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short)

To demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition

To demonstrate an awareness of pulse / beat when listening, moving to and performing music

To demonstrate a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing

How does music teach us about looking after our planet?

<u>Musical Focus:</u> <u>Explore sound and create a</u> story

To demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements) from both prior and new learning.

To demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with / relate to music

To demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style

To demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short)

To demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition

To demonstrate an awareness of pulse / beat when listening, moving to and performing music

To demonstrate a basic understanding of the



To introduc	ce my performance	mance importance of posture and technique when performing To introduce my performan	9	To introduce my performance	importance of posture and technique when performing To introduce my performance
us - I techi - I co comp main - I can differ - I can to typ - I can	an identify a puter and its parts tool and the ling tool and the l	given command do shape le tools careful when digital when digital why I tools I - I can plan a sim program mputer paint a problem given command do I can act out a given command to more solution to a problem	will - I can identify that objects can be counted - I can describe objects in different ways - I can count objects with the same properties - I can compare groups of objects	look of text can be changed on a computer - I can make careful choices when changing text	 I can show that a series of commands can be joined together I can identify the effect of changing a value I can explain that each sprite has its own instructions I can design the parts of a project